



MINISTRY OF HEALTH OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

HEALTH SECTOR DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

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«Public health policy regards individual life and health as a prerequisite of **national security**....»

**Draft federal law:
On Public Health**

«For the purposes of sustainable socio-economic development of the Russian Federation, **a priority of public policy** was given to **public health preservation and promotion**, building upon healthy lifestyle and more access to quality health care.»

RF Health Sector Development Policy through 2020

National projects

Demography

Health

Education

Housing and urban environment

Ecology

Safe and quality motorways

Labor productivity and
employment

Science

Digital economy

Culture

SMEs and individual enterprise

International cooperation and
export

Public Health National Project

PROJECTS

FEDERAL PROJECTS

Primary care

Health care provider capacity building/professionals

Cancer

Guidance of national medical research centers

CVD

Unified digital health sector loop based on the integrated public IS

Children's health, including modern pediatric care infrastructure development

Medical services export promotion

PROCESSES:

GOVERNMENT AGENCIES' TARGET PROGRAMMES

23 targeted programmes, including Communicable Disease Prevention and Social Significance (notifiable) CD Control.

HARMONIZING PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAM AND NATIONAL PROJECT GOALS

GOAL: Extending life expectancy at birth by 2024 **up to 78 years, up to 80 by 2030**

Отраслевые цели

HEALTH SECTOR GOALS

**Decrease productive age population mortality down to 350/100 000, with
450 for circulatory diseases,
185 for neoplasm, including malignant, and
4.5/1000 for newborns**

Universal screening coverage (at least once a year)

Ensure optimal access to primary health care providers, also for remote rural communities

Optimize primary health care provider performance (less waiting time, simplified appointment making)

Closing HR gap at primary health institutions

Increase medical services export by min. 4 times versus 2017 (up to USD1 bln/year)



FEDERAL PROJECT: PRIMARY HEALTH CARE DEVELOPMENT



(Decree 358 of June 8, 2016 by MH RF: Approval of Guidelines on Public and Municipal Health Institution Network Development, Decree 125 of March 21, 2017 by MH RF: Arrangements for National Medical Research Center Network Development)
Decree 622 of September 11, 2017 by MH RF: National Medical Research Center Network)

IV

NATIONAL MEDICAL RESEARCH CENTERS

Health institutions in charge of centralized guidance; supervision of specialty 3rd tier care health institutions in RF regions, providing hi-tech medical services

III

FEDERAL HEALTH INSTITUTIONS

REGIONAL HEALTH INSTITUTIONS

Hi tech medical service providers

II

INTER-REGIONAL SPECIALIZED
CARE FOLLOW-UP DISPENSARIES

Health institutions, providing mostly specialized services (excl. hi tech) in some municipalities

I

CENTRAL REGIONAL HOSPITALS
AND DISTRICT HOSPITALS

FELDSHER AND FELDSHER/OB/GYN
STATIONS; AMBULATORY CLINICS
AND GP OFFICES

Municipal health institutions, providing the following:

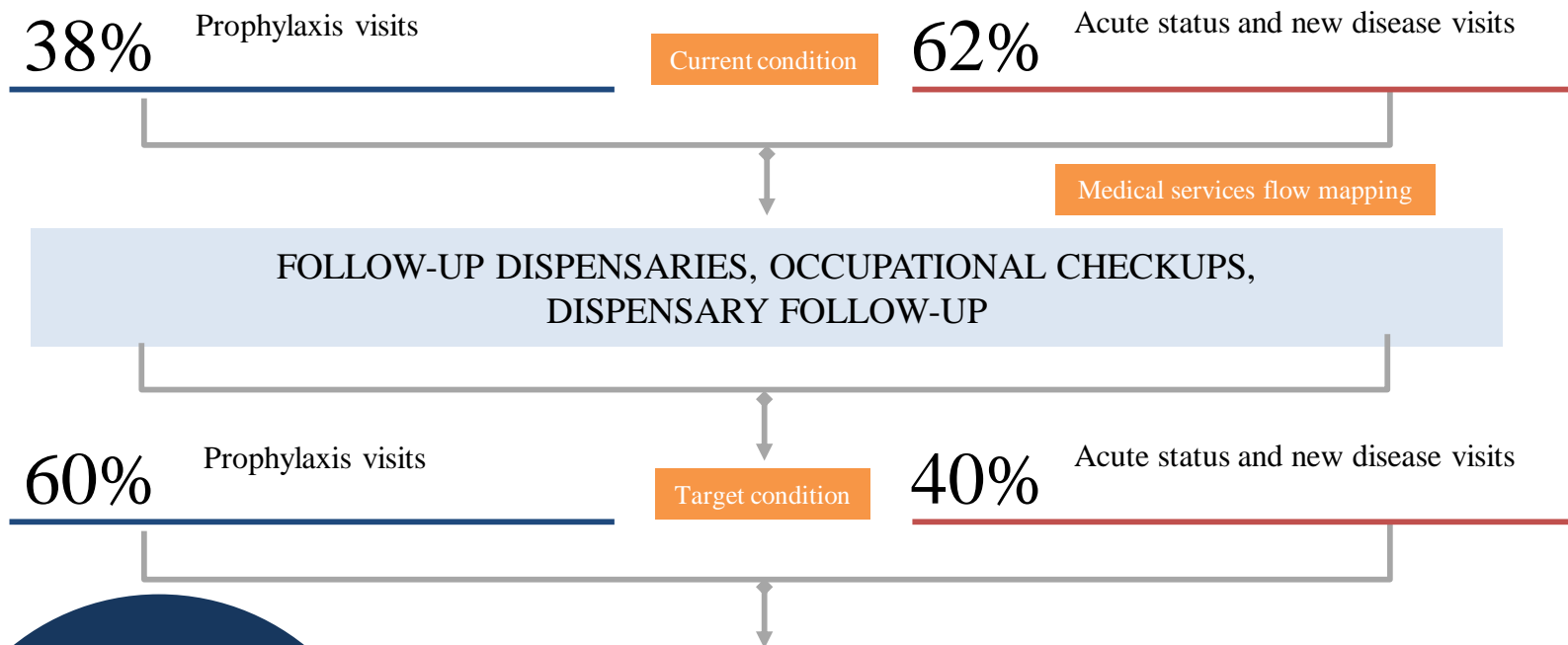
- Primary care,
- Palliative care;
- Ambulance care, including specialized services;
- Specialized services (excl. hi tech), mostly therapeutic, surgical and pediatric

TIERS

n residents	DISTANCE FROM OTHER HEALTH INSTITUTIONS	
	< 6 KM	> 6 KM
< 100	Households and outreach services regardless of distance	
101-300	Households and outreach services	Feldsher station, feldsher/OB/GYN station and outreach services
301-1 000	Feldsher station and feldsher/OB/GYN station (outreach possible), regardless of distance	
1 001-2 000	Feldsher station and feldsher/OB/GYN station (outreach possible)	GP unit, ambulatory clinic (outreach possible)
> 2 000	GP unit, ambulatory clinic, regardless of distance (outreach possible))	

The Decree also approved requirements to health care provider placement in small communities. For instance, communities with over 101 residents and over 6 km from nearest health care provider are to be served by a feldsher or feldsher/OB/GYN station, including outreach services.

Primary care providers report 60% of all health care delivery



Mortality can be decreased solely by lowering it at physicians' catchment areas

- Healthy lifestyle
- Early case detection
- Fast emergency care provision
- Evidence-based and patient-focused medicine
- Acute condition prevention and chronicity slowdown (follow-up dispensary)

GIS MH RF includes:

81 000 Health institutions and
their departments

156 000 communities



RF map with the health institutions and their departments, involved in regional government commitments (benefits) programme



FEDERAL PROJECT CANCER CONTROL

Goals

Decrease mortality from neoplasm, including malignant down to 185/100 000

Increase share of malignant neoplasm, detected at Stage I and II, up to 63,4%

Increase share of patients with malignant neoplasm and on record for 5 and more years up to 60 %

Reduce one-year survival rate of patients with malignant neoplasm down to 17,3%

Expected results

85 regional cancer control programmes developed

Community education campaigns held on cancer prophylaxis, early detection and enhanced compliance to treatment

Ambulatory cancer center network established in 85 regions RF

Regional cancer institution network (follow-up dispensaries/hospitals) in 85 regions provided with new equipment and facilities

18 federal and inter-regional reference centers established (IHC test, pathomorphology, X-ray)

Regional centralized system implemented: Health Care to Cancer Patients

FEDERAL LAWS:

- Federal Law 323-FZ of 21.11.2011: Basics of Health Protection in RF
- FL 38-FZ of 30.03.1995: HIV Proliferation Prevention in RF
- FL 77-FZ of 18.06.2001: TB Proliferation Prevention in RF
- FL 157-FZ of 17.09.1998: Communicable Disease Immunoprophylaxis

STRATEGIC DOCUMENTS:

- National Security Strategy RF, approved by Presidential Decree 683 on 31.12.2015
- State HIV Control Strategy in RF through 2020 and later, approved by Government RF Resolution 2203-r of 20.10.2016 (Strategy)
- Strategy Implementation Plan, approved by Government RF Decree 754-r on 20.04.2017
- Antimicrobial Resistance Control Strategy for RF through 2030, approved by Government RF Resolution 2045-r on 25.09.2017

GOVERNMENT AGENCY-RELATED TARGET PROGRAMME: SOCIALLY SIGNIFICANT DISEASE PREVENTION AND CONTROL

- Improve regulatory framework;
- Implement efficient SS CD prevention programmes;;
- Ensure quality and efficient diagnosis and treatment monitoring for SS CC at the modern methodological level;
- Improve epidemiological surveillance, based on inter-agency coordination;
- Improve treatment effectiveness of SS CD patients receiving required medications.

Basics of public biochemical security policy RF through 2025 and later, approved by Presidential Decree 2573 on 01.11.2013.



Draft federal law: Biological Security



Thank you!